

I

Borough of Chard



ANNUAL REPORT

of the

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

1971

HEALTH DEPARTMENT,
CREWKERNE,
SOMERSET.

A. M. McCALL, V.R.D., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H.
MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH.

B O R O U G H O F C H A R D

A N N U A L R E P O R T

of

T H E M E D I C A L O F F I C E R O F H E A L T H

For the year ended 31st December, 1971.

PUBLIC HEALTH OFFICERS

Medical Officer of Health

A. M. McCall, V.R.D., MR.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H.

Deputy Medical Officer of Health

D. V. Hague, M.B., B.Ch., D.P.H.

Public Health Inspector

D. H. Till, D.S.C., M.A.P.H.I.

Assistant Public Health Inspector

G. G. Naismith, M.A.P.H.I.

Clerk to Medical Officer

Miss. Y. Michael, M.A.

Health Visitors

Mrs. E. G. Major, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V.

Miss. B. Edmunds, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V.

Miss. G. E. Slocombe, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V.

Miss. D. Hallett, S.R.N., S.C.M., H.V.

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16 Church Street,
Crewkerne,
Somerset.

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To the Mayor, Aldermen and Councillors of the Borough of Chard

Mr. Mayor, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I beg to submit my Report for 1971.

The health of the townspeople was extremely good and there was little infectious disease.

Two things made it a memorable year: the introduction of decimal currency in February and the start of comprehensive education in the Michaelmas Term.

The postal strike in the early part of the year caused considerable delay in the Council's work and led to a certain accumulation of correspondence which was eventually cleared.

Mr. F. W. Searle, the Town Clerk, retired in July after over thirty years with the Council. I would like to thank him for his help to me during the time we were working together.

I am, Mr. Mayor and Councillors,

Your obedient Servant,

A. M. McCall

Medical Officer of Health

SECTION A

Statistics and Social Conditions of the Area

Population Following the Census, the Registrar General has given the population of Chard to be 7,970, an increase on the previous year's estimated figure of about ten per cent. The Rateable Value was £322,127 and the product of a new penny rate £3,010.

Birth Rate The corrected Birth Rate was 20.6 per thousand compared with the figure of 16 for England and Wales. There were seven illegitimate births giving a rate of five per cent of all live births. The corresponding national figure was eight.

Death Rate The corrected Death Rate was 11 per thousand compared with a national figure of 11.6. Out of a total of 135 deaths 46 were due to heart disease, 22 'strokes' 18 were due to cancer, four of which were lung cancer and a further 11 persons died from diseases of the respiratory system.

The expectation of life at the age of one year in England and Wales is 75.1 years for women and 69.1 for men. This shortfall of life expectancy for men due to smoking-related disease is about 2 years in Britain. The mortality from smoking-related disease in Britain is among the highest in the world. Cigarette smoking is the largest single avoidable cause of death in Britain to-day. Tobacco smoke is the most dangerous pollutant widely dispersed in Britain. It is, of course, a pollutant of many enclosed spaces, including Committee rooms, and there is some evidence of a harmful effect of "secondary smoking" on the non-smoker.

Maternal Mortality There were no maternal deaths in 1971.

Stillbirths There were two stillbirths during the year.

Infant Mortality One infant died in the first day of life due to a respiratory disorder.

Social Conditions The pattern of life continued in much the same manner as previous years but 1971 was marked by a dramatic rise in the cost of living.

SECTION B

General Provision of Health Services in the Area

The health services provided by the Somerset County Council continued to be well supported.

The Child Welfare Clinic was held twice a month. The total number attending was down but the number of medical consultations increased.

The demand for the pre-school care of children was met by the formation of two more playgroups. All the places were quickly taken and a waiting list developed.

Appendix B, Table 2 gives details of the medical inspections I carried out. The increasing number of children attending County schools is accounted for by the closure of the junior department of the Convent and the closure of Chard School. The County Education Committee have been planning the re-organisation of education in Chard and district for the last two to three years and in September comprehensive education commenced. The Boys' and Girls' Grammar schools in Crewkerne and Ilminster were closed and now all senior children in the town attend the Chard Holyrood Comprehensive School.

During the course of my inspections I came across a few cases of scabies and there was a small number of children who had head infestations.

The School Dental Officer visited three of the schools during the year. The Comprehensive School did not receive a visit but will be done early in the spring of 1972.

The Speech Therapy Clinic was held once a week and the number of children needing treatment was such that there was a waiting list.

The Family Planning Clinics continued to be held twice a month.

SECTION C

Prevention and Control over Infectious Diseases and Other Diseases:

Details of the infectious diseases notified are shown in Appendix C, Table 1. I am pleased to say that the case of meningitis made a satisfactory recovery. I carried out my routine B.C.G. programme against tuberculosis. Children born in 1958 were those offered vaccination. I vaccinated 157 at the Comprehensive School and 49 at Chard School.

I made a number of visits to the abattoir to give immunisation against anthrax and a total of 142 injections were given.

SECTION D

Environmental Health Services

A. Sanitary Circumstances

Climatic Conditions In 1971 the weather was generally equable with no extremes of temperature.

Water Supply The water supply provided by the Wessex Water Board was satisfactory throughout the year both in quality and quantity. Of the 3,082 inhabited houses in the town only one has a supply other than from the Water Board. Sampling was carried out regularly by the Wessex Water Board (25 samples) and by our own Health Department (12 samples) and I am pleased to state that all the samples examined were satisfactory.

Drainage and Sewage Disposal Once again these problems occupied a considerable amount of the Committee's time.

The large amount of storm water taken into the foul water sewers was considered by the Consulting Engineers who reported on the problem in two parts: the Crowshute area to Millfield for which they prepared a plan estimated to cost £124,000, and the second part from Crimchard to Furnham Road which also required re-sewering at an estimated cost of £149,000. Both schemes were accepted by the Committee and were to be put forward in the 1972/73 estimates. In the meantime loan sanction was applied for. If these schemes can be completed the Consulting Engineers did not think that an immediate extension of the present works would be necessary.

At the same time the effluent discharges from the abattoir and the Chard Chicken Co. were considered. Both firms were asked to consider the provision of pre-treatment plants in January. In April, following advice from our Consultant Chemist, the Chard Chicken Co. agreed to the trade effluent conditions suggested. In March the abattoir Company's architect attended a Committee meeting to discuss a site for the pre-treatment plant and at that meeting it was resolved that a third of an acre of land be leased or sold to the Chard Wholesale Meat Supply Co. on the site of the tip at the sewage works and the Committee hoped that a good deal of their problems would be solved by the construction of this plant.

However, a month later the Chard Surveyor approached the Company's architect with a view to agreeing the position of the site only to be told that he had no further instructions from the Company. Immediately the Clerk wrote to the Company asking for them to submit their proposals at an early date. A month later the Chard Surveyor reported that a considerable amount of fat was entering the sewage works and this was having serious effect on the whole of the works. During that month the Consulting Chemists had set up apparatus to obtain a composite sample of the effluent from the abattoir. The amount of suspended solids and grease being discharged was so large that most of the sampling device became blocked and only four samples out of eighteen could be obtained. This indicated that the abattoir was exceeding their previous permitted standard of discharge. The Committee Chairman, with the Public Health Inspector then met representatives of the Meat Company to be told "that for eight weeks the effluent had unfortunately by-passed one of the treatment tanks at the Company's premises before reaching the screen which had been installed for the very purpose of preventing fats and solids reaching the works." They still had not reached any decision concerning the construction of a pre-treatment plant. At the July meeting the Committee were told that a further effluent sample had been taken that month and it was again very bad, both the fat content and the solids in suspension were very high. The Committee resolved "To inform the Company that if the next monthly sample does not prove satisfactory proceedings would be commenced against them for non compliance with the trade effluent consent." At the October meeting the Borough Surveyor reported that fats and solids were reaching the works and it was resolved that the Town Clerk investigate the present position with regard to the Chard Wholesale Meat Company's proposed pre-treatment plant. At the November meeting the Consulting Chemists reported on various trade effluent samples and stated that the sample from the abattoir had been a bad sample and again the Borough Surveyor reported a considerable amount of fat and blood reaching the sewage disposal works. It was resolved that the Town Clerk write to the Meat Company informing them that unless they comply with the terms of their trade effluent consent the Council will seriously consider taking proceedings against them. In December a further report from the Consulting Chemists stated that a sample of effluent from the abattoir had again exceeded the trade effluent consent.

I give this detailed account to show the considerable problem the Committee have had with this firm.

Refuse The Council continued their regular weekly collection of refuse making an increasing use of sacks. The Public Health Inspector estimated that the Snowdon Hill tip had only got about two years more life and consideration was given to constructing a tip in the railway cutting at Chaffcombe in combination with the Chard Rural District Council. Subsequently the Rural District decided not to proceed with this project and enquired whether the Borough were interested in acquiring the land. It was resolved that no action be taken in the matter at that time.

Public Conveniences The public conveniences were well maintained but some repair and decoration was needed at the one at the recreation ground and the Committee also recommended that consideration be given to building a completely new toilet block at the recreation ground.

Rodent Control Our part-time rodent control operator carried out regular test baiting of Council property and sewers and dealt promptly with complaints from private residents. A total of 1,304 visits were made apart from the survey and test baiting.

Swimming Baths The bath at the Comprehensive School was maintained by the staff in accordance with the County Manual for Bath Maintenance.

Nuisances The type of nuisance arising varied considerably and a total of 139 complaints were dealt with. Fifteen informal notices were served.

B. Factories Act

Details of the inspections carried out by the Public Health Inspector are shown in Appendix D, Table 1.

C. Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act

There are 139 premises registered under this Act and 66 visits were paid. Two informal notices were served.

D. Housing

During the year the Council erected 117 houses and private builders completed a similar number. They also had 79 in the course of erection. Since 1945 1,860 houses have been built in Chard, 1,133 of these by the Council who propose to build a further 138 in 1972, 75 in 1973 and 75 in 1974. At the end of the year there were 167 applicants on the housing list; 56 of these for Old Peoples' dwellings and ten urgent cases. The Council continued to encourage applications for both standard and discretionary grants and gave approval for 13 standard grants and 14 discretionary grants.

Caravan sites There is one licensed caravan site and it is estimated 30 persons were resident on it during the year.

E. Inspection and Supervision of Food

Milk There are six registered distributors and two registered dairy premises within the Borough. Milk sampling was carried out regularly by the County Health Department and 63 samples of pasteurised milk were examined all of which were satisfactory, and one sample of untreated milk was also satisfactory.

Ice Cream There were 30 premises registered for the sale of pre-packed ice cream. The Public Health Department took 31 samples: 2 were placed in Provisional Grade 4, one in Grade 3, one in Grade 2 and the remainder in Grade 1.

Meat The one abattoir in the town continued to do a considerable volume of work. One hundred per cent meat inspection was achieved, three whole-time and two part-time staff being employed. Details of the meat inspection are shown in Appendix D, Table 3. The inspections involved 1,509 visits and a total of 5,297 hours. In addition beef from France imported under the Food Regulations, 1968, was examined and a certain amount condemned as unfit due to deterioration in transit.

Food Hygiene Regulations There are 66 premises subject to these Regulations. One hundred and seventy-two visits were made and a further 12 to mobile vans. Nineteen informal notices were served.

In addition the Public Health Inspectors dealt with licences issued under the Explosives Act, visits to factories, inspections under the Housing Acts, inspection under the pet Animals Act and visits in connection with the petroleum Regulations. These involved a total of 300 visits.

APPENDIX A TABLE 1

Registrar General's estimate of population mid 1971	oooo	oooo	oooo	7,970
Number of inhabited houses at the end of 1971 according to the Rate Book				2,940
Rateable value	oooo	oooo	oooo	£322,127
Sum represented by a penny rate	oooo	oooo	oooo	£3,000
Area (in acres)	oooo	oooo	oooo	1,030

APPENDIX A TABLE 2

BIRTH RATE	20.6 per 1,000	Comparability Factor		1.12
		M	F	Total
Live Births	Total	86	61	147
	Legitimate	81	59	140
	Illegitimate	5	2	7
Stillbirths	Total	1	1	2
	Legitimate	1	1	2
	Illegitimate	-	-	-
Deaths of Infants under 1 year	Total	1	-	1
	Legitimate	1	-	1
	Illegitimate	-	-	-
Deaths of Infants under 4 weeks	Total	1	-	1
	Legitimate	1	-	1
	Illegitimate	-	-	-
Deaths of Infants under 1 week	Total	1	-	1
	Legitimate	1	-	1
	Illegitimate	-	-	-

APPENDIX A TABLE 3

DEATH RATE 11.0

Comparability Factor 0.65

	Sex	Total All ages	Under 4 wks.	Under 1 yr.	1-5-	15-	25-	35-	45-	55-	65-	75+
Cancer of Oesophagus	M	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1
	F	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cancer of Intestine	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	F	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Cancer of Lung,- Bronchus	M	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
	F	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-
Cancer of Breast	F	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1
Cancer of Uterus	F	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
Cancer of Prostate	M	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Cancer of Other Sites	M	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2
	F	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-
Other Endocrine etc. Diseases	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	F	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Other Diseases of- Blood etc.,	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	F	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Other Diseases of- Nervous System	M	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
	F	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hypertensive Disease	M	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-
	F	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
Ishaemic Heart Disease	M	15	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	6	5	3
	F	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	2	8
Other Forms of Heart Disease	M	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	4
	F	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	4
Cerebrovascular Disease	M	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	5
	F	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	11
Other Diseases of- Circulatory System	M	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2
	F	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2
Influenza	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	F	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Pneumonia	M	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	1
	F	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	4
Bronchitis & Emphysema	M	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
	F	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intestinal Obstruction and Hernia	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	F	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
Cirrhosis of Liver	M	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
	F	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Diseases of- Digestive System	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	F	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Nephritis & Nephrosis	M	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
	F	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hyperplasia of prostate	M	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Birth Injury, Difficult- Labour, etc.,	M	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	F	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Symptoms & Ill-defined Conditions	M	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9
	F	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11
Motor Vehicle Accidents	M	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
	F	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
TOTAL ALL CAUSES -	M	65	1	-	-	1	-	1	-	11	20	37
	F	70	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	9	12	45

APPENDIX B TABLE 1

CHARD CHILD WELFARE CLINIC

1. No. of children on register who attended during 1971

Born in 1971	...	...	78
Born in 1970	...	...	74
Born 1967 - 69	...	...	39
Total			191

2. No. of attendances in 1971 by children

Born in 1971	...	...	296
Born in 1970	...	...	336
Born 1967 - 69	...	...	108
Total			740

3. No. of sessions 24

4. No. of medical consultations 211

5. No. of doctor sessions 24

APPENDIX B TABLE 2

<u>Name of School</u>	<u>No. on Roll</u>	<u>No. Inspected</u>	<u>Date of Medical Inspection</u>	<u>Children having milk</u>	<u>Children having dinner</u>	<u>Date of last Dental Inspection</u>
Avishayes	287	148	28/29/30. 4.71	83.62%	54.32%	10.2.71.
Holyrood- Comprehensive	670	155	1/3/8/11/ 15.3.71	-	35.67%	14.10.70.
Holyrood- Infants'	248	158	29/30.11.71 1.12.71	93.95%	63.71%	4.11.71.
Chard County- Junior	437	197	19/20/21. 5.71	81.01%	56.75%	June 1971.

APPENDIX C TABLE 1

Infectious Diseases

Whooping Cough	.....	7
Measles	.....	58
Erysipelas	.....	1
Meningococcal Septicaemia	.....	1
Sonne Dysentery	.....	1

Analysis of Cases Notified

	Under												
	1 yr.	1-2	2-3	3-4	4-5	5-10	10-15	15-20	20-35	35-45	45-55	55-65	65+
Whooping Cough			1		1	4				1			
Measles	2	3	7	9	8	28			1				
Erysipelas										1			
Meningococcal-Septicaemia			2										
Sonne Dysentery									1				

Tuberculosis

Age Group	<u>New Cases</u>				<u>Deaths</u>			
	<u>Respiratory</u>		<u>Non-Respiratory</u>		<u>Respiratory</u>		<u>Non-Respiratory</u>	
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
- 1								
1 - 5								
5 - 15								
15 - 25								
25 - 35								
35 - 45								
45 - 55								
55 - 65								
65 +								
Totals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

APPENDIX D TABLE 1

Factories Act, 1961

	No. on Register	No. of Inspections	No. of written Notices	No. of occupiers prosecuted
(i) Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authority	-	-	-	-
(ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by Local Authority	53	66	8	-
(iii) Other premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding outworkers' premises)	-	-	-	-
Total	53	66	8	-

Cases in which defects were found	.....	.....	8
Cases in which defects were remedied	.....	.....	5
No. of outworkers (sections 133 & 134)	.....	.....	10

APPENDIX D TABLE 2

Housing

Action taken during year

1. No. of houses included in Clearance Area for which Orders are still to be made. None
2. No. of houses in Clearance Areas which have been patched for temporary accommodation under Section 48 of the Housing Act, 1957. None
3. No. of houses closed or demolished under Section 42 of the Housing Act, 1957 (Clearance Areas). 13
4. Housing Act 1957 (Section 17 - Individual Unfits) No. of houses lost:

(i) (a) Houses demolished	None
(b) Houses closed	2
(ii) For other purposes (road improvements, etc.,)	1
5. No. of temporary dwellings (huts etc.,) demolished None
6. No. of houses declared unfit under:

(i) Section 9 of the Housing Act, 1957	None
(ii) Section 72 of the Housing Act, 1969	None
7. No. of houses made fit during year 3
8. No. of unfit houses occupied under licence None
9. Houses in multiple occupation (Housing Acts, 1961 to 1969) None

10. Reconditioning of condemned houses - Exclusion from Clearance/Demolition Orders (Housing Act, 1961) None

11. Substitution of Closing Order for Demolition Order Housing Act, 1961) Action taken None

12. Housing Act, 1969 Section 28 General Improvement Areas Number of areas so defined None

13. Housing Act 1957 - Slum Clearance

	1972	1973	1974	1975
1. Part a. Houses in areas to be declared III	10	-	-	-
b. Houses to be cleared	2	-	-	-
2. Part Houses likely to be subject to II demolition or closing orders	10	-	-	-

Remarks

14. Housing Act, 1964. Any action taken during year None

15. Rent Acts 1968 and Housing Act, 1969

- (i) Certificates of Fair Rent (if known) Certificates issued 5
- (ii) Certificates of Disrepair
- (a) No. of applications received 1
- (b) No. of Certificates issued 1

<u>Houses erected during year</u>		<u>Houses in course of erection</u>		<u>Gained from conversion of large houses or buildings into flats or dwellings</u>	<u>Lost from conversion of two or more houses into one</u>
For Slum Clearance	For other Purposes	For Slum Clearance	For other Purposes		
Local Authority -	117	4	-	-	-
Private-Enterprise -	117	-	79	-	-

Number of Post-War Houses erected from 1st April, 1945 to 31st December, 1971

By Local Authority

1,133

Future Housing Programme (if known)

Programme forecast 72-73-74-75

By Private Enterprise

730

(As requested by Ministry of Housing and Local Government Circular No. 21/65)

138 in 1972
75 in 1973
75 in 1974

(a) No. of temporary housing units occupied

(i) Prefabs None

(ii) Huts, etc., None

(b) No. of houses found overcrowded

1

Houses required

(i) To replace houses scheduled for demolition	20
(ii) To abate overcrowding	-
(iii) For other purposes	118
(iv) Applications for Council houses at the end of the year	
a. Urgent bone fide cases	10
b. Applications for old people's dwellings	56
c. Others	101

Total Applications 167

No. of Permanent Dwellings in District as at 31.12.70.	Gained				Total (a) + (b)	Lost				No. of Permanent Dwellings in District as at 31.12.71.
	a)	b)	c)	Council houses sold to P.E. during 1971		Less houses				
						a)	b)	c)	d)	
(a)	(b)									
	A	B	C			A	B	C	D	
L.A.	1,141	117	-	-	1,258	-	-	3	-	1,255
P.E.	1,707	117	-	3	1,827	14	2	-	-	1,811
Totals	2,848	234	-	3	3,085	14	2	3	-	3,066

OLD PEOPLE'S DWELLINGS

Total number erected to 31.12.71.

Number in course of Erection

With County Council Aid Without County Council Aid

With County Council Aid Without County Council Aid

150

12

-

-

Grants by Local Authorities to Private Owners

No. of applications and houses dealt with by local Authority during year:

RECEIVED

APPROVED

	Applications	No. of Dwellings		Applications	No. of Dwellings
1. Improvement Grants	14	23		14	23
2. Standard Grants	13	13		13	13
3. Special Grants	-	-		-	-

APPENDIX D TABLE 3

Meat Inspection

	Cattle Excluding Cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep and Lambs
Number Killed (if Known)	1,707	36,760	240	21
Number Inspected	1,707	36,760	240	21
<u>All diseases except Tuberculosis & Cysticerci</u>				
Whole carcasses condemned	3*	79†	7x	5‡
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned	386	18,754	1	2
Percentage of the number inspected affected with disease other than tuberculosis and cysticerci	22.78%	51.01%	3.3%	33.3%
<u>Tuberculosis only</u>				
Whole carcasses condemned	-	-	-	-
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned	-	5	-	-
Percentage of the number inspected affected with tuberculosis	-	0.0001%	-	-
<u>Cysticercosis</u>				
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned	-	35	-	-
Carcasses submitted to treat- ment by refrigeration	-	35	-	-
Generalised and totally condemned	-	-	-	-
<u>Weight of meat condemned (in lbs.) for:-</u>				
(a) Tuberculosis	-	132	-	-
(b) Cysticercosis	-	2,340	-	-
(c) Other	1,076	36,605	267	240
Total in (lbs.) condemned	1,076	39,077	267	240

* Moribund, Lymphosarcoma, Septicaemia

† 56 Oedema; 5 Emaciation; 4 Septicaemia; 3 Pyaemia; 3 Severe Bruising;
2 Moribund; 2 Myositis;

1 Each of Carcinoma, Sarcoma, Septic Metritis, Uraemia

x 3 Immature; 2 Septicaemia; 2 Moribund;

‡ 2 Oedema; 1 of Emaciation, Severe Bruising, and Ill-bled.

NB. There are no Pigs or Horses slaughtered in Chard.

